

MEDITERRANEAN AQUACULTURE JOURNAL  
Issued by Mediterranean Aquaculture & Environment Society (MIAES)



## INSTRUCTIONS TO AUTHORS

### **Description:**

The Mediterranean Aquaculture Journal (MAJ) is a refereed international journal issued by the Mediterranean Aquaculture and Environment Society (MIAES). It is providing a global perspective on the aquaculture sciences of all cultivated aquatic all aquatic organisms, (algae, fish, crustaceans, mollusks .etc) relevant to freshwater, brackish, and marine aquaculture. Topics range from extensive aquaculture to laboratory studies. The Journal specifically seeks to improve our understanding of the aquaculture technology cultured species through the provision of an international forum for the presentation of reviews, original research papers and short communications. The journal is designated to the publication of original multi-disciplinary applied research and review papers in the subjects of farming culture systems, breeding, nutrition, farming engineering, fish health, fish processing, socio-economics, pollution and aquatic resources management.

### **Frequency of Publications:**

2 issues will be published per annum.

### **Manuscript Submission**

#### **Submission**

Authors submit to Editor in chief of MAJ

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For inquiries, authors may also contact Dr. Ashraf Y. El-Dakar

## TYPES OF CONTRIBUTION

**Original Research Papers** should report the results of original research. The material should not have been previously published elsewhere, except in a preliminary form. **Review Articles** can cover either narrow disciplinary subjects or broad issues requiring interdisciplinary discussion. They should provide objective critical evaluation of a defined subject. Reviews should not consist solely of a summary of published data. Evaluation of the quality of existing data, the status of knowledge, and the research required to advance knowledge of the subject are essential. **Short Communications** are used to communicate results which represent a major breakthrough or startling new discovery and which should therefore be published quickly. They should not be used for preliminary results. Papers must contain sufficient data to establish that the research has achieved reliable and significant results.

**Technical Papers** should present new methods and procedures for either research methodology or culture-related techniques.

**The Letters to the Editor** section is intended to provide a forum for discussion of aquacultural science emanating from material published in the journal.

A covering letter must be included, signed by the corresponding author (i.e., the author to whom correspondence should be addressed), and stating on behalf of all the authors that the work has not been published and is not being considered for publication elsewhere. Authors are encouraged to suggest four potential referees for their manuscripts.

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### TITLE PAGE

This should include: the full title of the paper; the full names of all the authors; the name(s) and address(es) of the institution(s) at which the work was carried out (the present addresses of the authors, if different from the above, should appear in a footnote); the name, address, and telephone and fax numbers of the author to whom all correspondence and proofs should be sent; a suggested running title of not more than fifty characters, including spaces; and six key words to aid indexing.

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## **MAIN TEXT**

Manuscripts in general should be organized in the following order:

Title (should be clear, descriptive and concise)

Name(s) of author(s)

Complete postal address(es) of affiliations

Full telephone and fax number and E-mail address of the corresponding author

Present address(es) of author(s) if applicable

Abstract

Keywords (indexing terms), normally 3-6 items.

Introduction

Material studied, area descriptions, methods, techniques

Results

Discussion

Conclusion

Acknowledgements and any additional information concerning research grants, etc.

References

Tables

Figure captions

## **ABSTRACTS**

The abstract should be clear, descriptive and not longer than 400 words. It should provide a very brief introduction to the problem and a statement about the methods used in the study. This should generally be followed by a brief summary of results, including numerical data (means and standard errors, for example). The abstract should end with an indication of the significance of the results. An abstract is often presented separate from the article, so it must be able to stand alone. References should therefore be avoided, but if essential, they must be cited in full, without reference to the reference list. Non-standard or uncommon abbreviations should be avoided, but if essential they must be defined at their first mention in the abstract itself.

## **KEYWORDS**

Immediately after the abstract, provide a maximum of 4-6 keywords, avoiding general and plural terms and multiple concepts (avoid, for example, "and", "of"). Be sparing with abbreviations: only abbreviations firmly established in the field may be eligible. These keywords will be used for indexing purposes.

## **ABBREVIATIONS**

Define abbreviations that are not standard in this field at their first occurrence in the article: in the abstract but also in the main text after it. Ensure consistency of abbreviations throughout the article.

## **TABLES**

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2. If many data are to be presented, an attempt should be made to divide them over two or more tables.
3. Tables should be numbered according to their sequence in the text. The text should include references to all tables.
4. Each table should be typewritten on a separate page of the manuscript. Tables should never be included in the text.
5. Each table should have a brief and self-explanatory title.
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The Results and Discussion sections may be combined and may contain subheadings. The Materials and Methods section should be sufficiently detailed to enable the experiments to be reproduced. Trade names should be capitalized and the manufacturer's name and address given.

All pages must be numbered consecutively from the title page, and include the acknowledgements, references and figure legends, which should be submitted on separate sheets following the main text.

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Complete scientific names should be given when organisms are first mentioned in the text and in tables, figures and key words. The generic name may subsequently be abbreviated to the initial, e.g. *Gadus morhua* L., otherwise *G. morhua*. Carry out and describe all appropriate statistical analyses.

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## REFERENCES (HARVARD STYLE)

References should be cited in the text by author and date, e.g. Lie & Hemre (1990). Joint authors should be referred to by et al. if there are more than two, e.g. Hemre et al. (1990).

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### **b. For edited symposia, special issues, etc. published in a periodical**

Benzie, J.A.H., Ballment, E., Frusher, S., 1993. Genetic structure of *Penaeus monodon* in Australia: concordant results from mtDNA and allozymes. In: Gall, G.A.E., Chen, H. (Eds.), *Genetics in Aquaculture IV. Proceedings of the Fourth International Symposium, 29 April-3 May 1991, Wuhan, China.* *Aquaculture* 111, 89-93.

### **c. For books**

Gaugh, Jr., H.G., 1992. *Statistical Analysis of Regional Yield Trials.* Elsevier, Amsterdam, 278 pp.

### **d. For multi-author books**

Shigueno, K., 1992. Shrimp culture industry in Japan. In: Fast, A.W., Lester, L.J. (Eds.), *Marine Shrimp Culture: Principles and Practices.* Elsevier, Amsterdam, pp. 641-652.

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